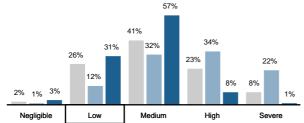
ESG Risk Rating	12.5		-1.5	Low Risk					
	Last Full Update Oct 19, 2023		Momentum	NEGL	LOW	MED	HIGH	SEVERE	
				0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40+	
ESG Risk Rating Distribution	I	57%		ESG Risk UNIVERSE	-	anking	RANK	PERCENTILE	



UNIVERSE	(1 <sup>st</sup> = lowest risk)	ERCENTILE 1 <sup>st</sup> = Top Score)
Global Universe	<b>762</b> /15653	6th
Utilities INDUSTRY	<b>16</b> /705	3rd
Renewable Power Production SUBINDUSTRY	<b>8</b> /93	9th

## **Peers Table**

Peers (Market cap \$1.3 - \$1.5bn)	Exposure	Management	ESG Risk Rating
1. AES Brasil Energia SA	35.4 Medium	69.5 Strong	12.0 Low
2. Voltalia	35.8 Medium	68.9 Strong	12.5 Low
3. Innergex Renewable Energy, Inc.	36.4 Medium	53.0 Strong	18.2 Low
4. Canvest Environmental Protection Group Co. Ltd.	33.6 Low	43.2 Average	19.8 Low
5. Alerion Cleanpower SpA	32.9 Low	28.5 Average	24.0 Medium



## **ESG Risk Analysis**

Exposure refers to the extent to which a company is exposed to different material ESG Issues. The exposure score takes into consideration subindustry and company-specific factors such as its business model.

# ESG Risk Exposure 35.8 +1.7 Medium Momentum Beta = 1.05

As an integrated renewable power producer, Voltalia develops and operates its own powergenerating facilities and also provides development and construction services for other companies. Such activities typically involve the acquisition and repurposing of large tracts of land, which can trigger community opposition and lead to project delays. In addition, Voltalia commits to providing its utility customers with a contracted supply of energy. Malfunctions at its plants or improper management of equipment may hamper the quality of its services, prompting client complaints, penalties, and other costs. Moreover, the company's operations require many employees who perform tasks in potentially hazardous conditions. Failure to maintain high safety standards could lead to employee and contractor fatalities, in turn triggering negative publicity and regulatory penalties.

The company's overall exposure is medium and is moderately above subindustry average. Occupational Health and Safety, Product Governance and Community Relations are notable material ESG issues.

Management refers to how well a company is managing its relevant ESG issues. The management score assesses the robustness of a company's ESG programs, practices, and policies.



Voltalia's management of its ESG issues is generally strong. The company's board of directors oversees environmental and social issues via its audit committee, and the CEOs variable compensation is tied to relevant metrics. Though the company produces a CSR report which has received a moderate level of third-party assurance, this report is not written to relevant reporting standards, such as GRI or IIRC.

The company's overall management of material ESG issues is strong.



Renewable Power Production France PAR:VLTSA

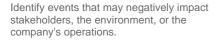
## **Material ESG Issues**

These are the Material ESG Issues driving the ESG Risk Rating.

Issue Name	ESG Risk Exposure Score   Category	ESG Risk Management Score   Category	ESG Risk Rating Score   Category	Contribution to ESG Risk Rating
Corporate Governance	9.0 High	47.5 Average	4.7 Medium	37.7%
Community Relations	6.6 Medium	54.0 Strong	3.4 Low	27.1%
Product Governance	5.5 Medium	78.3 Strong	1.6 Negligible	13.0%
Occupational Health and Safety	4.2 Medium	87.3 Strong	0.9 Negligible	7.2%
Human Capital	3.2 Low	76.9 Strong	0.8 Negligible	6.8%
Land Use and Biodiversity	3.2 Low	77.4 Strong	0.7 Negligible	5.7%
Business Ethics	4.2 Medium	97.5 Strong	0.3 Negligible	2.5%
Overall	35.8 Medium	68.9 Strong	12.5 Low	100.0%

## **Events Overview**

Category (Events)



🔺 High (0)

**A** Severe (0)

- ▲ Significant (0)
- \land Moderate (1)

Society - Human Rights

## \rm Low (1)

Land Use and Biodiversity



## **Events Overview**

Identify events that may negatively impact stakeholders, the environment, or the company's operations. Category (Events)

**Mone (14)** 

Access to Basic Services

Anti-Competitive Practices

**Business Ethics** 

Data Privacy and Security

Labour Relations

**Marketing Practices** 

Quality and Safety

Accounting and Taxation

Bribery and Corruption

**Community Relations** 

Intellectual Property

Lobbying and Public Policy

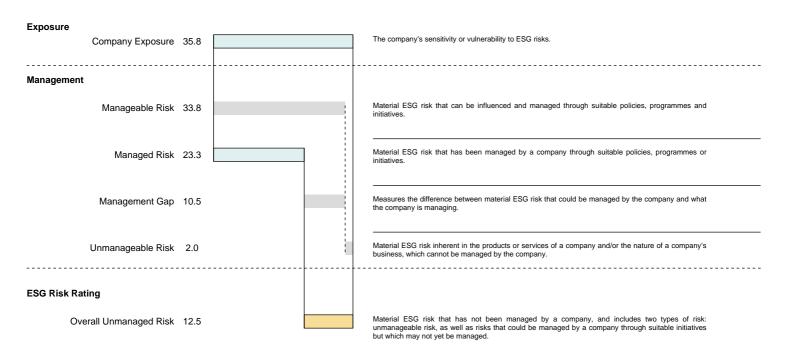
Occupational Health and Safety

Sanctions



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# **Risk Decomposition**



**Momentum Details** 





## Beta (Beta, β)

A factor that assesses the degree to which a company's exposure deviates from its **subindustry**'s exposure on a **material ESG issue**. It is used to derive a company-specific issue exposure score for a material ESG issue. It ranges from 0 to 10, with 0 indicating no exposure, 1 indicating the subindustry average, and 10 indicating exposure that is ten times the subindustry average.

### Corporate Governance Pillar

A pillar provides a signal about a company's management of a specific Corporate Governance issue.

### ESG Risk Category

Companies' ESG Risk Rating scores are assigned to five ESG risk categories in the ESG Risk Rating:

Negligible risk: enterprise value is considered to have a negligible risk of material financial impacts driven by ESG factors

 $\mbox{Low risk}$  enterprise value is considered to have a low risk of material financial impacts driven by ESG factors

 $\mbox{Medium risk}$  : enterprise value is considered to have a medium risk of material financial impacts driven by ESG factors

**High risk:** enterprise value is considered to have a high risk of material financial impacts driven by ESG factors

Severe risk: enterprise value is considered to have a severe risk of material financial impacts driven by ESG factors

Note that because ESG risks materialize at an unknown time in the future and depend on a variety of unpredictable conditions, no predictions on financial or share price impacts, or on the time horizon of such impacts, are intended or implied by these risk categories.

### ESG Risk Rating Score (Unmanaged Risk Score)

The company's final score in the ESG Risk Rating; it applies the concept of risk decomposition to derive the level of unmanaged risk for a company.

### **Event Category**

Sustainalytics categorizes events that have resulted in negative ESG impacts into five event categories: Category 1 (low impact); Category 2 (moderate impact); Category 3 (significant impact); Category 4 (high impact); and Category 5 (severe impact).

### **Event Indicator**

An indicator that provides a signal about a potential failure of management through involvement in controversies.

#### **Excess Exposure**

The difference between the company's exposure and its subindustry exposure.

### Exposure

A company or  $\ensuremath{\textit{subindustry's}}$  sensitivity or vulnerability to ESG risks.

## Idiosyncratic Issue

An issue that was not deemed material at the **subindustry** level during the **consultation process** but becomes a **material ESG issue** for a company based on the occurrence of a Category 4 or 5 event.

#### Manageable Risk

Material ESG risk that can be influenced and managed through suitable policies, programmes and initiatives.

#### **Managed Risk**

Material ESG Risk that has been managed by a company through suitable policies, programmes and initiatives.

#### Management

A company's handling of ESG risks.

#### Management Gap

Refers to the difference between what a company has managed and what a company could possibly manage. It indicates how far the company's performance is from best practice.

#### Management Indicator

An indicator that provides a signal about a company's management of an ESG issue through policies, programmes or quantitative performance.

#### **Material ESG Issue**

A core building block of the ESG Risk Rating. An ESG issue is considered to be material within the rating if it is likely to have a significant effect on the enterprise value of a typical company within a given subindustry.

#### Subindustry

Subindustries are defined as part of Sustainalytics' own classification system.

#### **Unmanageable Risk**

Material ESG Risk inherent from the intrinsic nature of the products or services of a company and/or the nature of a company's business, which cannot be managed by the company if the company continues to offer the same type of products or services and remains in the same line of business.

#### **Unmanaged Risk**

Material ESG risk that has not been managed by a company, and includes two types of risk: unmanageable risk, as well as risks that could be managed by a company through suitable initiatives, but which may not yet be managed (management gap).



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